# Precipitation types and events impacting NB Power infrastructure

Julie Thériault, Vanessa McFadden, Médéric St-Pierre and Julien Chartrand UQAM, Montréal, Qc

Collaborator: Jim Samms, NB Power, Fredericton, NB

## Goals

- To conduct a case study of the NB ice storm
  - To investigate the factors responsible of the severity of the storm and their impact on NB Power infrastructure.
- To analyze the WRF simulations for the list of events
  - To conduct a climatology of the precipitation events that impacted NB Power infrastructure

#### Overview of the NB ice storm 2017

- Storm occurred 24-26 January 2017
- More than 50 mm of ice accumulated
- More than 133,000 customer without power
- Power was restored within a day
- Acadian Peninsula, most isolated area, stayed up to 18 days without power



#### Accumulated precipitation

Total Precipitation Jan 24-26 2017 Précipitation totale 24-26 jan 2017  Environment Canada Atlantic Region Atlantic Climate Centre Environnement Canada Région de l'Atlantique Centre Climatologique de l'Atlantique



#### Synoptic overview



#### Favorable conditions for freezing rain

(a) 1200 UTC 24 January 2017

(b) 0000 UTC 25 January 2017



### **Experimental design**

- Conducted high resolution simulation of the storm ( grid spacing ~ 3 km)
- Compared with observations
- Used the simulations to investigate weather conditions and precipitation types in areas impacted by the storm:
  - Miramichi
  - Acadian Peninsula



#### Power outages and precipitation

#### Duration of power outages



Accumulated freezing rain

- Longest power outages were located on the coast of NB
- These were associated with maximum amounts of freezing rain
- But Miramichi had shorter power outages, it could be due to the wind speed

#### Wind speed and freezing rain



 Wind speed would have been the key meteorological factor responsible of the power outage

#### Duration of power outages



Legend:



Extreme conditions at *île Miscou*:

- Power duration: ~18 days
- Accumulated ZR: ~60 mm
- $V_{max}$ = 43 km/h and  $V_{mean}$ = 20 km/h



### Summary

- One of the costliest natural disaster in NB history
- Produced > 50 mm of ice accumulation, strong winds and occurred in isolated area
- Wind speed combined with freezing rain seemed to be the key meteorological factors
- Longer duration power outages were associated with higher amounts of freezing rain with some exceptions
- It also depends on the geographical locations

#### Transmission/distribution lines



#### List of events since 2003

- Over the 86 events, 47 events were reproduced by the WRF runs
- Similarities and differences among these storms will be studied
- Storms with similar amounts of snow but without impacting NB Power will also be studied