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HYPE Experience

Dr. Trish Stadnyk, P.Eng.

Matt MacDonald, Stephen Déry, Andrew Tefs, Marie Broesky and Matthew Hamilton



Outline

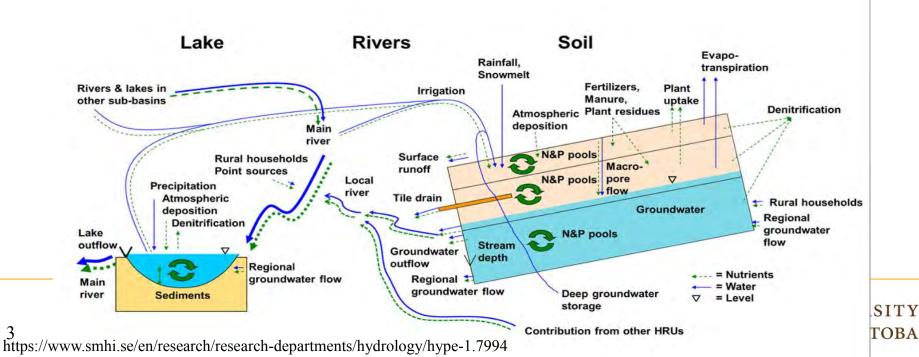
- HYPE
- UM-WRE add-ons
 - Frozen Soils
 - Prairie Non-contributing Area
 - Portage Diversion
 - Basin Regulation
- Model Setups @ UM-WRE
 - Hudson Bay Drainage Basin (HBDB-HYPE)
 - Nelson-Churchill Basin Regulation
 - Pan-Arctic (A-HYPE)
- Future Directions



HYPE hydrological model

- **Hy**drologic **P**redictions for the **E**nvironment
- Developed by Swedish Meteorological and Hydrological Institute for continental-scale runoff
 - Open source code (Fortran)
 - Water + nutrients
 - Open source data





HYPE Research @ UM-WRE

- Several projects required predictions & projections of continental-scale runoff
- HYPE chosen because:
 - Open source, collaboration with SMHI
 - Fortran source code
 - Comparable hydrologic structure to other models of interest (e.g., WATFLOOD, VIC, MESH)
 - Cold regions hydrology (i.e., frozen soils, snow & glacial hydrology)
 - Representation of land cover & lakes
 - Water quality (nutrient) capabilities
 - Fast & efficient run times
 - Effective calibration strategy



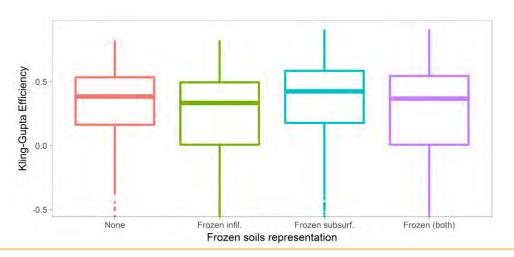
HYPE Enhancements by UM

- Before using HYPE for the Nelson-Churchill and Hudson Bay domains, several desired model improvements were identified:
 - Frozen soils
 - 2. Lakes
 - 3. Prairie non-contributing areas
 - 4. Portage diversion
 - 5. Regulation rules (Nelson-Churchill basin)



Frozen Soils

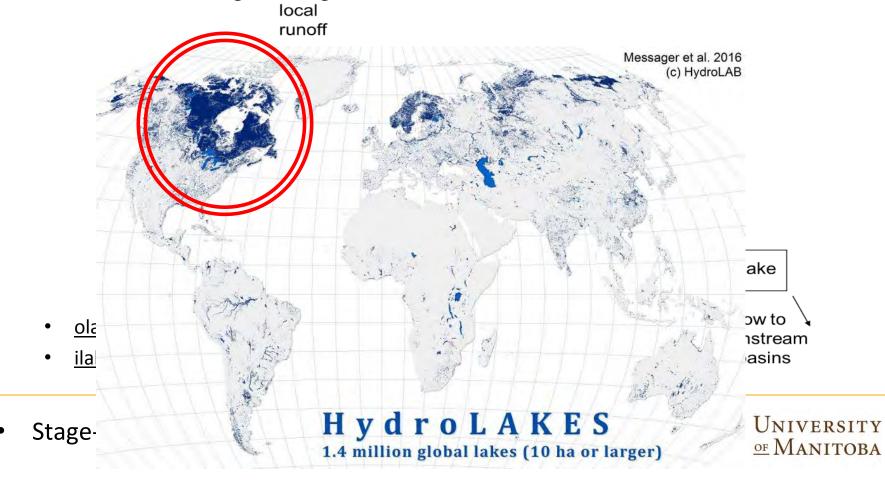
- Four schemes were attempted:
 - 1. None (A-HYPE)
 - 2. Limited infiltration
 - 3. Limited subsurface flow
 - 4. Combined 2 & 3



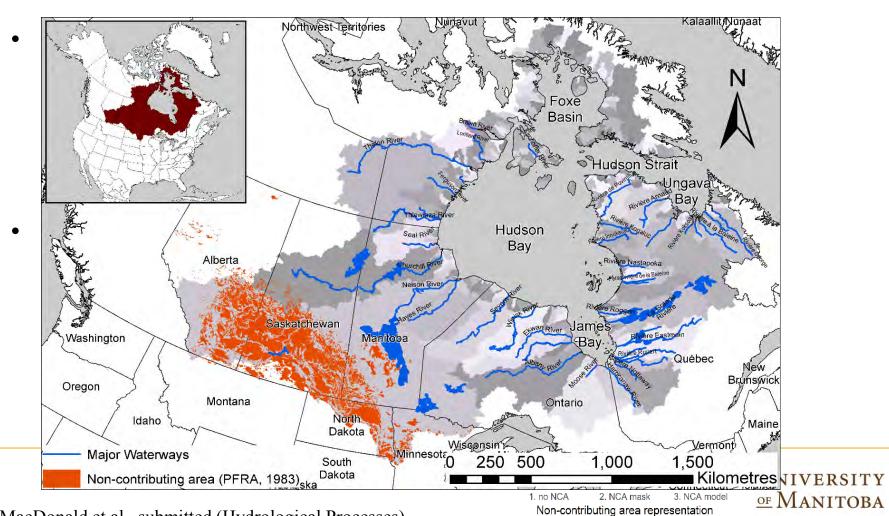


Lakes

HBDB has amongst the greatest concentrations of lakes in the world



Prairie Non-Contributing Area



Portage Diversion (and others...)

- Developed rules based on Assiniboine River upstream and downstream flow record + Manitoba Infrastructure published rules
- Coded flow threshold values (based on flood reports):
- More accurately represent system withdrawals and inputs



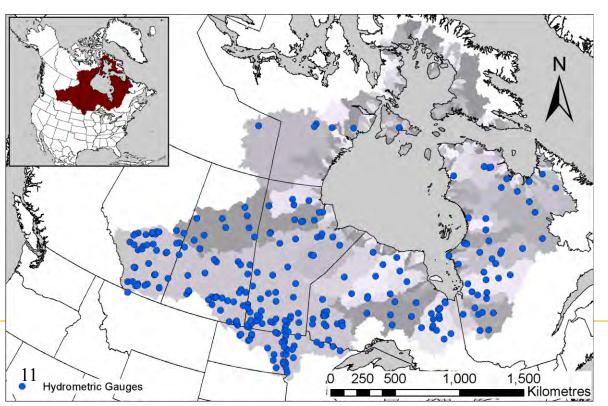
Basin Regulation

- Nelson-Churchill River basin is highly regulated
- Requires coding of specific and <u>complex</u> rule curves
 - Developed in collaboration with Manitoba Infrastructure & Manitoba Hydro
 - Review of operating guidelines & published (flood) reports
 - Calibrated to historical long term flow data (LTFD) record
 - Two types of regulation coded
 - In-line dams
 - Off-Channel/Bifurcation/Diversion (OCBD)
 - Regulation can be turned <u>on</u> or <u>off</u>



HBDB-HYPE model

- Hudson Bay Drainage Basin (HBDB) model developed by UM
 - 'BaySys' project
 - Assess the relative contributions of regulation and climate change



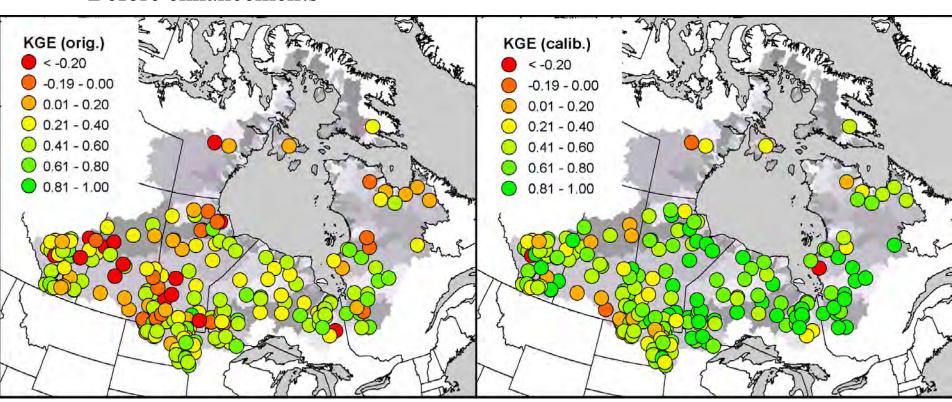
- ∆t: daily
- Area: ~4 million km²
- Mean subbasin area:
 657 km²
- Precip & Temp: WFDEI
- Topography: Hydro1K
- Soils: HWSD
- Land use: Globcover
- Lakes & wetlands: GLWD
- Basic dam types:
 - flood control
 - hydropower,
 - irrigation, supply
 - diversions



HBDB Calibration

Before enhancements

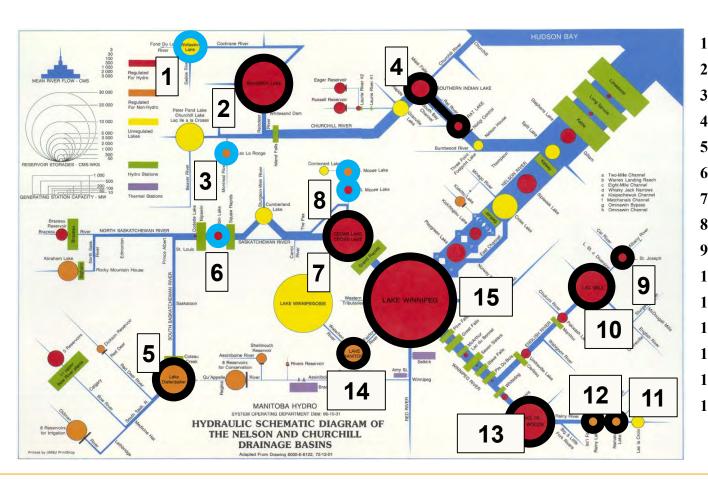
After enhancement



KGE: Kling-Gupta Efficiency



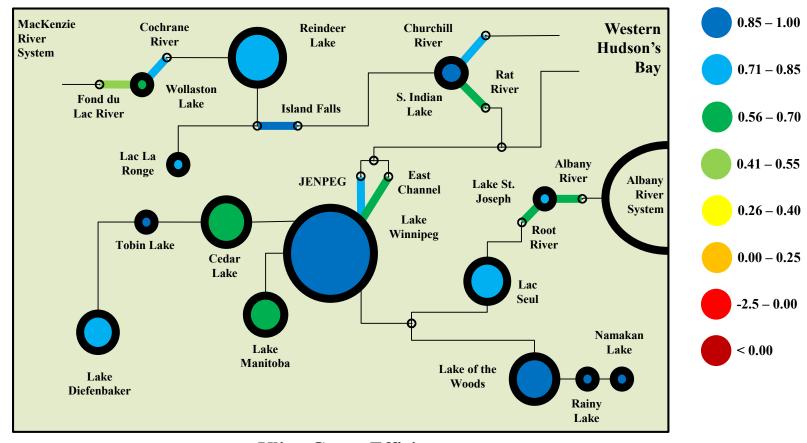
Nelson-Churchill Basin Regulation



. Wollaston Lake	(OCBD)
. Reindeer Lake	(OCBD)
. Lac La Ronge	(IL)
. S. Indian Lake	(OCBD)
. Lake Diefenbaker	(IL)
. Tobin Lake	(IL)
. Cedar Lake	(IL)
8. Moose Lake	(IL)
. Lake St. Joseph	(OCBD)
0. Lac Seul	(IL)
1. Namakan Lake	(IL)
2. Rainy Lake	(IL)
3.Lake of the Wood	(IL)
4. Lake Manitoba	(IL)
	(IL or OCBD)
5. Lake Winnipeg	

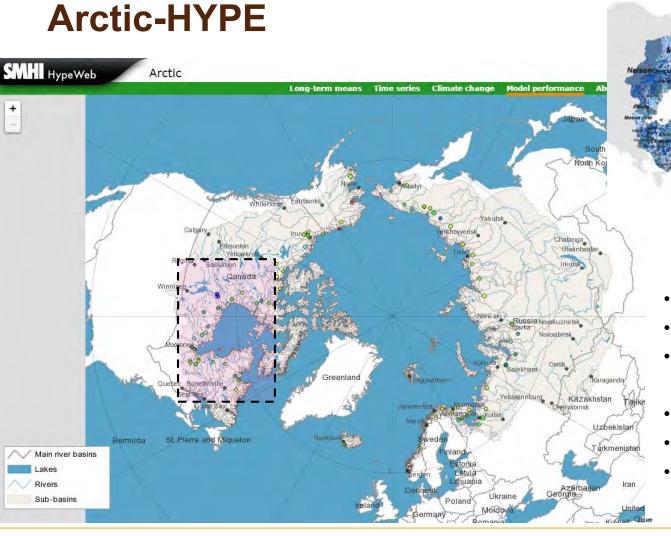


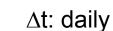
Regulated System Results



Kling Gupta Efficiency



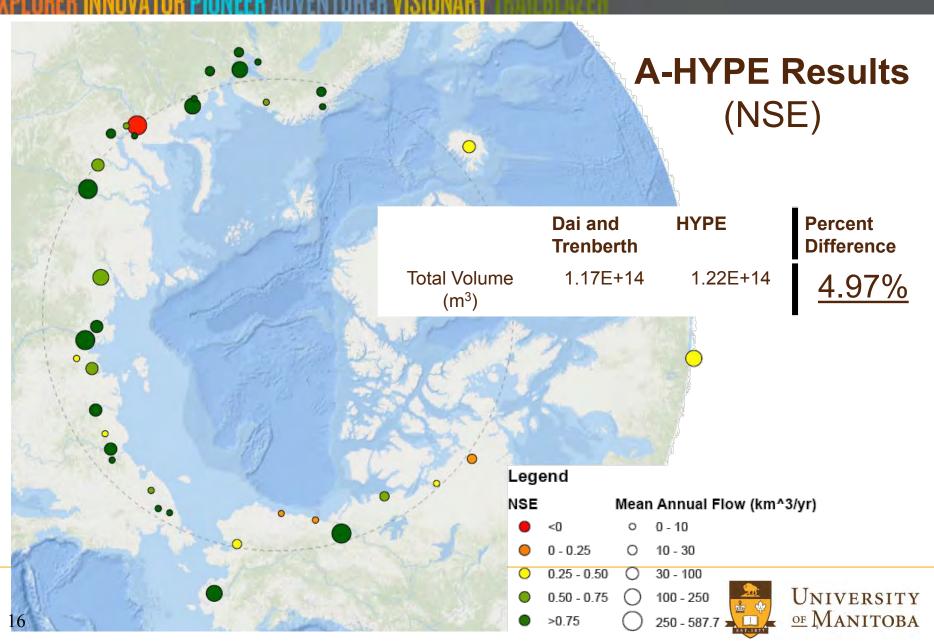




- Area: 23.3 million km²
- Mean subbasin area:
 - 756 km²
- Precip & Temp: WFDEI
- Topography: Hydro1K
- SWE: GlobSnow

- Runoff above 70°N latitude (Arctic circle)
- ¹⁵ Calibrated to Dai & Trenberth





On-going work

- Regulation in LaGrande R (eastern HBDB)
- Recalibration of HBDB-HYPE with regulation
- Analysis of system regulation
 - Déry et al., submitted (HP)
- Projected runoff scenarios (2100-2070) in HBDB
 - MacDonald et al., in preparation (GRL)
- "Naturalized" (1979-2010) Nelson River scenarios
 - Pre-CRD conditions during historic record
- Uncertainty in projections
 - Impact of climate model selection, input data, and parameters
- A-HYPE
 - Projecting changes in Arctic Ocean runoff
 - Link to Arctic Ocean circulation patterns and climatology



Acknowledgements

- SMHI Hydrology group (Berit Arheimer, David Gustafsson, Kristina Isberg, Charlotta pers)
- Ouranos
- ArcticNet
- Manitoba Infrastructure
- Manitoba Hydro
- Water Survey of Canada

Questions?

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http://umanitoba.ca/faculties/engineering/departments/civil/research/water/index.html



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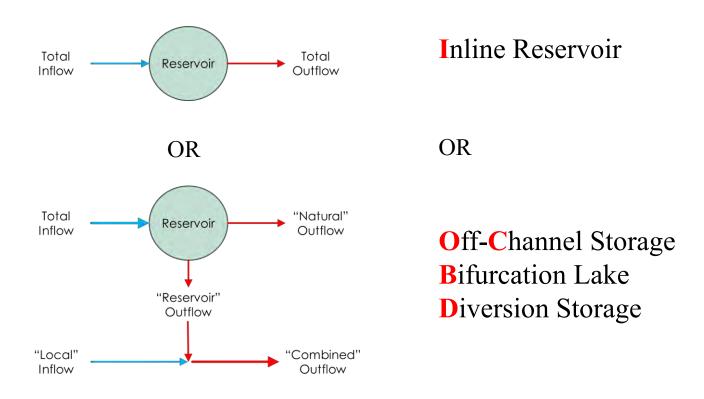
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University of Manitoba

EXPLORER INN**ovator Pionee**r adventurer visionary

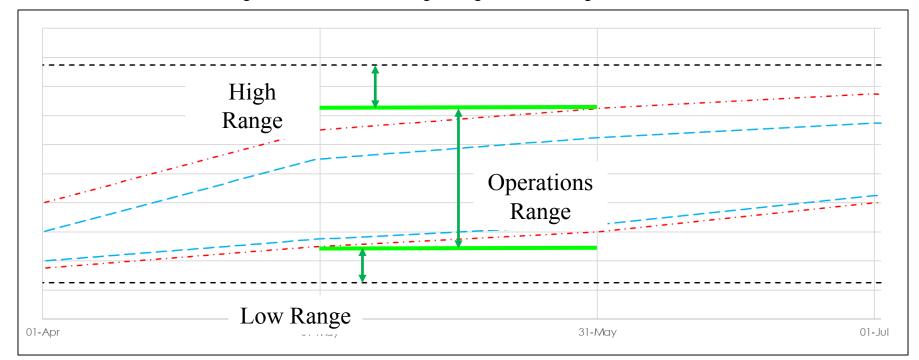
Inline v. O.C.B.D. Reservoir Models





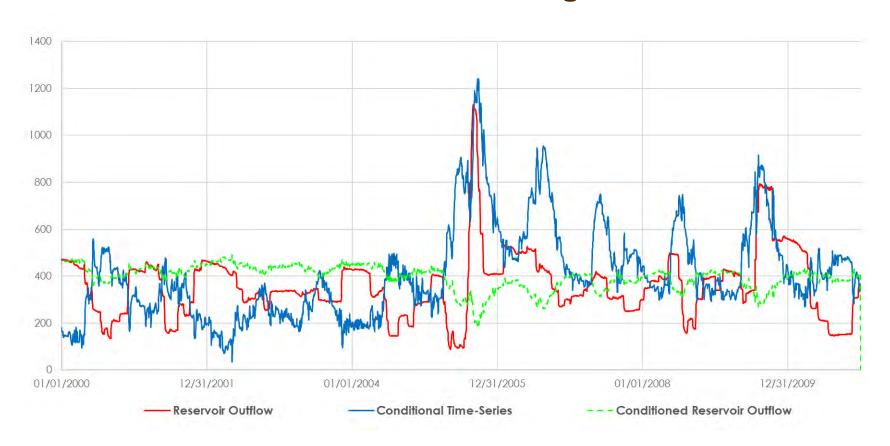
The In-Line Model

- Regressions:
 - Range for Low, Mid and High range flows change month-to-month





The O.C.B.D. Conditioning





A-HYPE (Mackenzie)

Percent

Bias

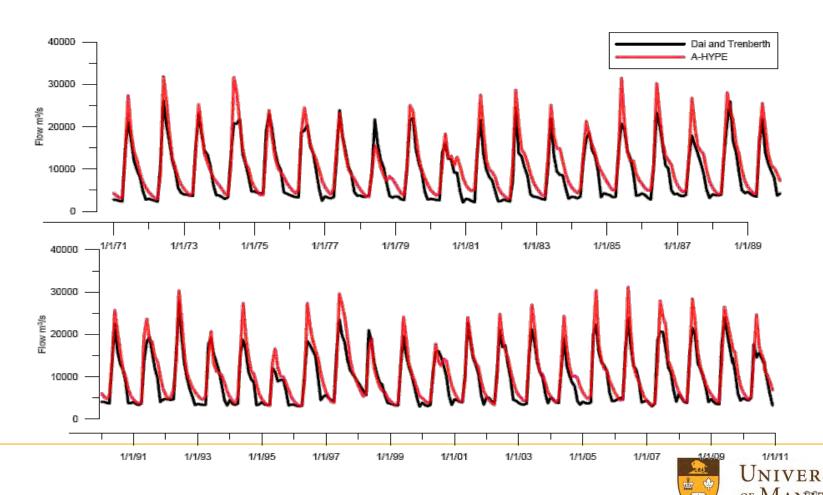
KGE

0.77

NSE

19.77

0.80



Overall

