

September 15, 2017

Presentation on Saskatchewan's Flow Forecasting and Operations Planning

Global Water Futures Integrated Modelling Program for Canada Kick-Off Workshop

Curtis Hallborg, P,Eng.

Manager of Flow Forecasting & Operations Planning

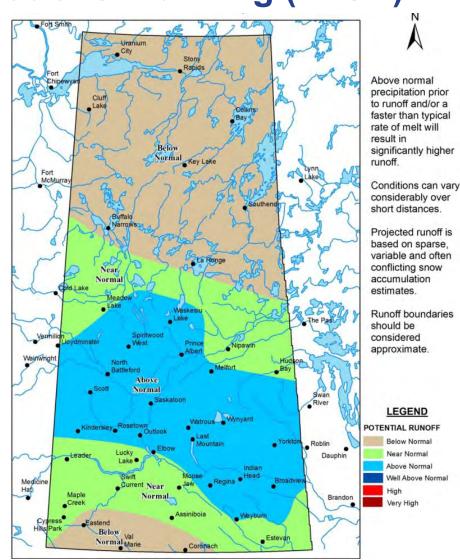
Flow Forecasting and Operations Planning (FFOP)

• We provide:

- General flow and water supply forecasting services for the province.
- More detailed forecasts for select locations.
- Operating directives for the WSA's major reservoirs and the Qu'Appelle System.
- Guidance on other systems.

Forecasting Products:

- Conditions at Freeze-up Report
- Spring Runoff Outlooks
- Saskatchewan River Basin 10day Forecasts
- Monthly Water Supply Outlook and Conditions Report



Current Tools - Saskatchewan River System

- Advantage of several days travel between alpine headwaters in AB and the SK Border
- No snowmelt or rainfall runoff modeling.
- Route daily observed flows in a spreadsheet.
 - Simple time lag method used with some smoothing.
- Liaison with SaskPower on operational decisions.
- Use HEC-RAS models to predict changes in stage at critical locations.
- Alberta Environment will provide their model outputs for large events.



Current Tools - Prairie Runoff

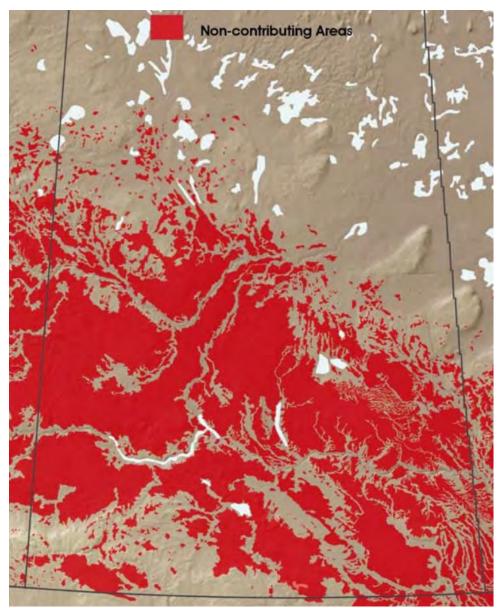
- No rainfall runoff modelling, just snowmelt
- Use simple empirical/regression relationships between snow water equivalent, antecedent conditions, and runoff volume and peak flow.
- May look at historically observed events to ballpark rainfall runoff events.
 - Very difficult due to basin 'memory' and spatial variation of precipitation inputs and antecedent conditions.



US Fish and Wildlife Service Map

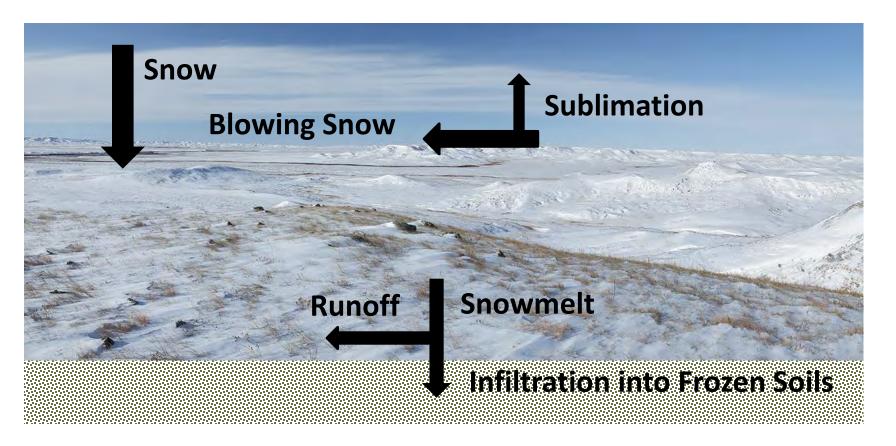
Biggest Challenge

- Due to our generally flat post glacial landscape that is dominated by small internally drained regions, we have <u>dynamic contributing</u> <u>drainage basins</u> that are controlled by <u>fill and spill</u> <u>processes</u>.
- Off the shelf hydrologic models developed elsewhere in the world typically don't work in the Prairie Pothole Region. <u>They want to treat</u> <u>drainage area as a fixed</u> <u>variable and expect a basin to</u> <u>have a stream</u>.



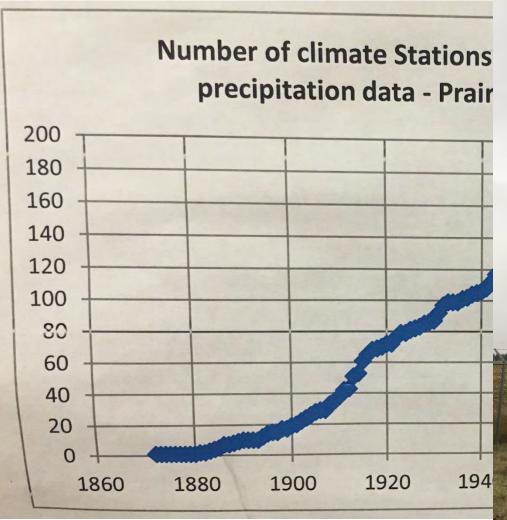
University of Saskatchewan – Center for Hydrology Map

Challenges from Cold Region Hydrologic Processes



 Most hydrological models omit cold region processes altogether or take an overly simplistic approach to handling them.

Sparse Data Networks





Prairies is the graveyard of hydrologic models







- There is hope through the development of modules to better handle prairie and cold region processes.
- Much of this is due to research at the U of S. over the past few decades.



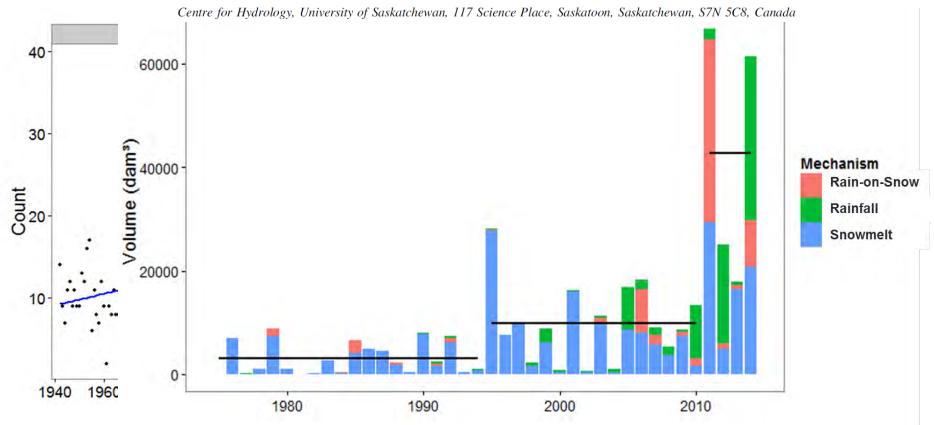
Recent Changes in Flood Event Generation

- Prior to the summer of 2010, most major historical flooding events in the province had been snowmelt runoff generated.
- Beginning in 2010, we have experienced several large rainfall runoff generated floods:
 - Maple Creek June 2010
 - Good Spirit Lake July 2010
 - Souris River June 2011
 - East Central Sask. June/July 2014
 - Arborfield July 2016
- Permanent shift in our hydroclimate???

Why Do we Need to Worry About Rainfall Runoff?

Increase in multi-day rainfall events and more rainfall runoff.
 Hydrological regime changes in a Canadian Prairie basin

Stacey Dumanski, John W. Pomeroy* and Cherie J. Westbrook



What is the Province Doing?

action area 5.1

flood damage prevention and emergency response

in developed areas

actions

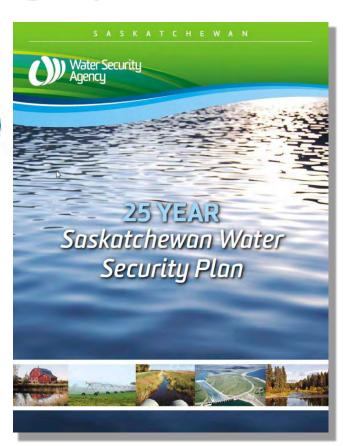
a. Develop improved flood forecasting tools (2016)

Step One

 New funding to flood forecasting in the 2014 Provincial Budget to improve flood forecasting functions, enabling the creation of a dedicated flood forecasting unit

Step Two

Seeking expert advice



University of Saskatchewan Consultation

Key Points

- Most existing hydrological models do not include cold region processes.
- Even fewer models are able to simulate the fill and spill processes of the prairies.
- A physically based model is suggested rather than a statistically or conceptually based model.
- A separate reservoir simulation model is likely required.
- A data handling platform will likely be required.

Recommendations for Saskatchewan Hydrological Modelling

A Report to the Saskatchewan Water Security Agency

Kevin Shook and John Pomeroy

Centre for Hydrology

University of Saskatchewan

117 Science Place

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

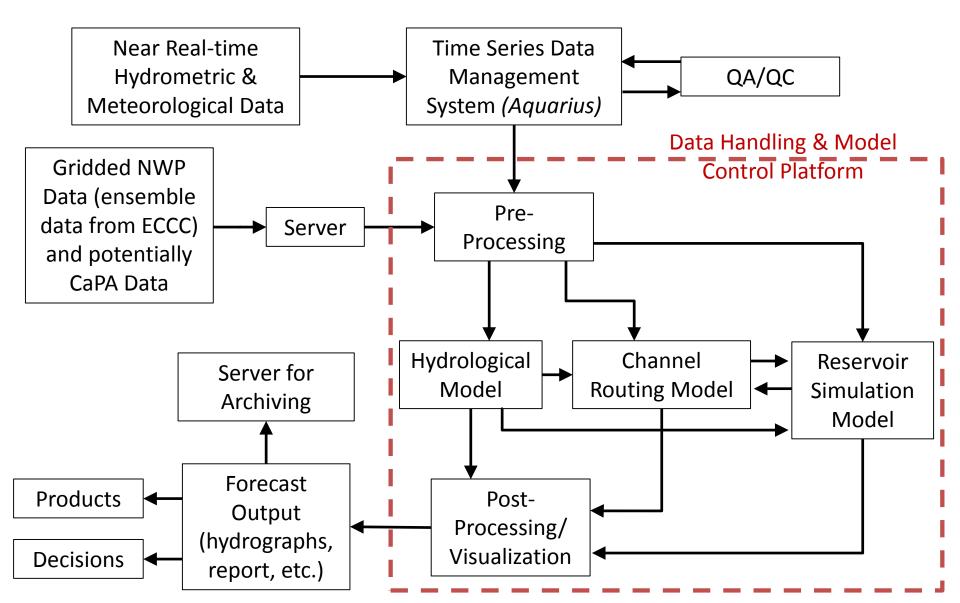
S7N 5C8

November 30, 2016





What a Modern Flow Forecasting System at the WSA Might Look Like



Final Thoughts

- Stakes are High Property, Lives, and Reputations are on the line
- We have a real opportunity here to build a system that is state of the art to serve the citizens of Saskatchewan well.
- Developing a modern system will be very **challenging but possible**.
- The system will not be perfect.

 "Essentially, all models are wrong, but some are useful." George Box

The best time to plant a tree was 20 years ago.

The second best time is now.